

MAGHULL HIGH SCHOOL - CURRICULUM MAP

Year 8 Term 1.0 Characterisations	Lesson 1	Lesson 2	Lesson 3	Lesson 4	Lesson 5		
LESSON TOPIC	Stage Positions	Stereotypes	Use of voice to interpret	Rehearsal techniques	Creating contrasting		
QUESTION(S)	Why are stage positions	How do you use dramatic	character	What are rehearsal	characters		
Characterisation	important and how do	devices to portray a	How do you use voice to	techniques and how do we	How do we use dramatic		
	you use them?	stereotype?	interpret character?	use them?	devices to create contrasting characters?		
	Lesson 6	Lesson 7			<u> </u>		
	Improvisation and	Creating climax					
	mime	(Assessment lesson)					
	How do we use	How do we create a					
	improvisation and	climax in a dramatic					
	mime?	performance?					
	Students will know and	understand:					
Knowledge & Skills	 Understanding t 	he key concepts and prine	ciples of Silent films and int	troduction to slapstick come	edy as a form of		
Development	entertainment						
	Understanding and developing stylised physicality						
	Using mime in a performance to deliver a message using stock characters						
	How narrative and character is communicated to an audience through engaging drama.						
	How to rehearse in preparation for a performance to a live audience.						
	Students will be able to:						
	- Shape and adapt material with a clear intention and understanding of audience.						
	 Make use of facial expression, gesture, space and levels in the creation of a character. Use key performance skills to engage an audience (Focus, energy, conviction, commitment) 						
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	- Use subject spe	cific terminology and Stai	naard English to evaluate th	eir own work and the work o	t otners		

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	Formative Assessment	Summative assessment		
Opportunities	Each lesson will be formatively assessed through peer and teacher verbal feedback linked to school assessment guidelines.	Students will be assessed at the end of the scheme linked to the assessment objectives by the teacher and given constructive feedback to make improvements.		
Key Vocabulary	Spatial awareness, script, prologue, stage, directions, spatial awareness, facial expression, body language, narration, freeze frame, improvisation, interpretation, gesture, performance, feedback., stereotype, characterisation, theatre in the round, proscenium arch, traverse and end on, blocking, movement, gait, climax, tension, feedback.			
Literacy/Reading Opportunities	 DNA – By Dennis Kelly Our Day Out – by Willy Russell Blood Brothers – by Willy Russell 			
	Oracy through: Discussing ideas in group settings, pair work and cold call answering questions. Reading aloud from a script using voice to interpret a character. Playing the role of a narrator to develop skills in delivery to entertain an audience with skills projection, tone, pace and clarity of diction.			
Cross Curricular Themes	 Design-integrated theatre: Consider how costume can enhance characterisation. English: Consider how language and use of voice create a character. Understanding the structures of a text. Tension, Climax, Denouement. PHSE- Developing an awareness of empathy whilst understanding the development of character- What Shapes a characteristic. 			
Personal Development	Studying Mime promotes:			
(Including British Values, RSE, Citizenship)	 we communicate without words. Concentration & focus – Mime requires precision and Creativity – Students learn to "show" rather than "tell Confidence – Performing silently is challenging; mast 	," sparking imagination and original thinking.		

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	Career	Actor, Dancer, Designer, Artist, Journalist, Lawyer, Director, Stage Manager, Author, Screenwriter, Costume Designer, Set Designer,
	Opportunities	Director, Lighting Director, Stagehand, Producer.